

Category 2 – History of Christianity

23 .《当代基督新教》

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本书是冯嘉芳主编的《当代世界宗教丛书》之一，旨在向中国读者介绍 20 世纪特别是 20 世纪后半期基督教新教的发展情况。

本书共分九章。第一章概述了基督教新教的历史与现状，包括以下几个方面：宗教改革运动中新教的诞生；新教的经典、教义和教会制度；启蒙运动对新教的冲击和十九世纪基督教自由主义的发展；20 世纪新教神学的三大主流思潮（自由主义神学、福音派神学和新正统神学）；当代新教的教会派别和团体。

第二章论述了当代新教神学的发展及流派，首先分析了 20 世纪初新教神学的特征，介绍了自由派神学、社会福音派神学、危机神学，辩证神学和基要主义神学；其次讨论了二战以后新教神学回应现代社会的挑战而出现的新思潮，如激进的世俗神学、“上帝之死”神学、存在主义神学等；最后讨论了当代新教神学发展的新趋势，简要介绍了希望神学、政治神学、解放神学、女权主义神学、过程神学、历史神学、生态神学等

第三章分析了当代新教的宗派，首先叙述了新教六大宗派路德宗 (Lutheranism)、加尔文宗(Calvinism)、安立甘宗(Anglicanism)、公理宗 (The Congregationalists)、浸礼宗 (Baptists)、循道宗 (Methodists) 的历史与现状；其次介绍了宗教改革时期产生的一些小教派如门诺派 (Mennonites)、莫拉维亚弟兄会 (Moravians)、贵格派 (Quakers) 等的现状；最后讨论了十九、二十世纪的一些新兴教派，如摩门教 (Mormonism)、救世军 (the Salvation Army)、五

旬节派等。第四章则介绍了 60、70 年代兴起的新崇拜团体

第五章讨论了当代新教在西方国家中发挥的社会作用及其主要活动 ,主要分析了在美国、英国、德国三个国家新教各教派在政治、外交、经济、教育、社会改革、民权运动、伦理建设等领域的积极参与和建设 ,让读者了解到新教在西方国家中的重要作用。

第六章论述了新教在第三世界的传播 ,介绍了新教在亚洲、非洲和拉丁美洲的发展情况和当前新教传教活动的发展趋势。

第七章则简单介绍了新教在当代中国中的传播发展及其社会功能。

第八章分析了新教联合各教派的普世救会运动 (Ecumenical Movement)

最后第九章探讨了当代新教的发展趋势。

本书有助于中国读者较为全面准确地了解基督教新教的历史和现状 ,特别是在西方发达国家中扮演的重要角色及其在第三世界的广泛传播 ;对从事宗教研究的学者和宗教工作的有关人员 , 本书也是重要的参考。

1. Title: Contemporary Protestantism

2. Editor: Yu Ke

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5. Content:

The book is among “Contemporary World Religions Series” edited by Fung Jia-Fang, which aims at Chinese readers introducing the 20th Century, esp. the second half of the 20th Century development of Protestantism. The book is divided into 9 chapters:

- 1) The history and current situation of Protestantism, including the following: the birth of Protestantism during Reformation Movement; the Scriptures, doctrine, and church polity of Protestantism; the impact of Enlightenment Movement to Protestantism and the development of the 19th Century Christian Liberalism; the three great mainstream thought of the 20th Century Protestant theology (Liberalism, Evangelicalism, and Neo-Orthodoxy); the denominations and sects of

Contemporary Protestantism.

- 2) The development and schools of contemporary Protestant theology: first analyzing the characteristics of the early 20th Century Protestant theology, introducing Liberal theology, Social Gospel theology, Critical theology, Dialectic theology, and Fundamentalist theology; then discussing the new thought of the response of Protestant theology to the challenge of the modern society after WWII, such as radical social theology, “God is Dead” theology, Existentialist theology, etc.; finally, discussing the new trend of the development of contemporary Protestant theology, briefly introducing theology of hope, politic theology, theology of Liberation, theology of feminism, process theology, history theology, and ecologic theology, etc.
- 3) Contemporary Protestant denominations, first describing the history and current situation of the six great denominations: Lutheranism, Calvinism, Anglicanism, The Congregationalists, Baptists, and Methodists; then introducing the current situation of the sects emerged from Reformation period, such as Mennonites, Moravians, Quakers, etc.; lastly discussing the new sects emerged from 19th and 20th Century, such as Mormonism, the Salvation Army, Pentecostals, etc.
- 4) The new worship groups emerged from the 19th and 20th Centuries.
- 5) The special function and its major activities of cotemporary Protestantism in the Western countries: analyzing mainly the active participation and construction of American, British, and German Protestant denominations in the areas of politics, diplomacy, economics, education, social reforms, civic movements, ethic construction, etc.
- 6) The spread of Protestantism in the Third World, introducing the development of Protestantism in Asia, Africa, and Latin America and the contemporary growth of Protestant missions.
- 7) The growth of Protestantism in contemporary China and its social function.
- 8) The joint efforts of Ecumenical Movement of Protestantism.
- 9) The growth movement of contemporary Protestantism.