

Category 2 – History of Christianity

1. 书名：《宗教改革史》（A history of the reformation）
2. 作者：[英] 托马斯·马丁·林赛（Thomas M. Lindsay）
3. 译者：孔祥民等
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字数：374 千字
印数：1500 册
6. 作者简介：托马斯·马丁·林赛（1843—1914）是英国著名的宗教改革史专家，在西方史学界颇有影响。他出生在拉纳克郡（Lanarkshire）莱斯马哈高（Lesmahagow）一位新教牧师的家里，青年时代曾在格拉斯哥和爱丁堡大学攻读哲学，因成绩优异多次获奖学金。1869 年，林赛在爱丁堡大学毕业，任当地独立派教会牧师。1871 年，他翻译出版了宇伯威格的《逻辑学》。1872 年起，林赛任独立派教会所属莱斯马哈高神学院教会史教授，转而集中精力研究教会史。1900 年，他的《路德和德国的宗教改革》出版，引起史学界的瞩目。后来，他继续钻研德国和西欧其他国家的宗教改革，多次为《剑桥中世纪史》、《剑桥近代史》和《剑桥英国文学史》撰稿，最后撰成这部《宗教改革史》。
7. 内容提要：本书译者在“中译本序言”中写道：《宗教改革史》是林赛的成名作，全书分上、下两册，约有 70 多万字，第一版于 1906—1907 年问世，旋即再版（1910 年），1937 年又在纽约重版，至今仍被西方史学界誉为宗教改革史的权威著作。
本书分两大编：第 1 编为宗教改革的前夜，其中有 6 章，第 1 章是教皇制度；第 2 章是政治形势；第 3 章是文艺复兴；第 4 章是社会状况；第 5 章是宗教改革前数十年间家庭和公众的宗教生活；第 6 章是人文主义与宗教改革。第 2 编为宗教改革运动，其中有 8 章，第 1 章是赎罪券论战之初的路德；第 2 章是从赎罪券论战到沃尔姆斯帝国议会；第 3 章是沃尔姆斯帝国议会；第 4 章是从沃尔姆斯帝国议会到农民战争的结束；第 5 章是从 1526 年的施佩耶尔帝国议会到 1555 年的奥格斯堡宗教和约；第 6 章是路德派教会的组织；第 7 章是德国境外的路德派宗教改革；第 8 章是激励宗教改革的宗教原则。

1. Title: A History of the Reformation 宗教改革史
2. Author: [Eng] Thomas M. Lindsay
3. Translator: Kong Xiangmin *et al.*
4. Publisher and Date of Publication: The Commercial Press, Oct 1992

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6. About the Author: Thomas M. Lindsay (1843-1914), renowned English historian of the Reformation, rather influential among the historians in the West. He was born in Lesmahagow, Lanarkshire, son of a Protestant reverend. He studied philosophy in the Glasgow and Edinburgh in his youth, and was granted scholarships for several times due to academic excellence. In 1869, Lindsay was graduated from Edinburgh, and was ordained as a reverend of a local Independent Church. In 1871, he translated and published *Logics* of Friedrich Ueberweg. Since 1872, Lindsay was appointed as a Professor in Church History in United Free College, Glasgow which belongs to the Independent Church, and focused his attention in the studies of the Church history. In 1900, he published *Luther and the German Reformation*, and caught the attention among the historians. Later on, he continued his studies of the Reformation in Germany and other Western European countries, and contributed to the writing of *The Cambridge Medieval History*, *The Cambridge Modern History*, *The Cambridge History of English Literature*, and finally completed *A History of the Reformation*.

7. Summary: The Translator writes in the Translator's Preface that *A History of the Reformation* is a work of Lindsay which makes him famous. This book is divided into two volumes, consisting of more than 700,000 words. The first edition appeared in 1906-1907, and was reprinted soon (1910), and reprinted again in New York (1937). This book is still regarded as an authoritative work in the history of the Reformation among the Western historians.

This book is divided into two parts. Part One is about the Eve of the Reformation, comprising 6 chapters. Chap 1 is about the Papacy. Chap 2 is about the Political Situations. Chap 3 is about the Renaissance. Chap 4 is about the Social Conditions. Chap 5 is about the Family Life and Public Religious Life Several Ten Years Before the Reformation. Chap 6 is about Humanism and the Reformation. Part Two is about the Reformation, comprising 8 chapters. Chap 1 is about Luther in the Beginning of the Indulgence Controversy. Chap 2 is about From the Indulgence Controversy to the Reichstag in Worm. Chap 3 is about the Reichstag in Worm. Chap 4 is about From the Reichstag in Worm to the End of the Peasants War. Chap 5 is about From the Diet of Speyer (1526) to Peace of Augsburg (1555). Chap 6 is about the Organisation of the Lutheran Church. Chap 7 is about the Reformation of the Lutherans Outside Germany. Chap 8 is about the Religious Principles Which Inspired the Reformation.