

## Category 2 – History of Christianity

1. 书名:《基督教会史》(A history of the Christian church)
2. 作者: [美] 威利斯顿·沃尔克 (Williston Walker)
3. 译者: 孙善玲、段琦、朱代强
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6. 作者简介: 威利斯顿·沃尔克, 1860 年生于缅因州波特兰, 1883 年获阿默斯特学院文学士学位, 1886 年毕业于哈特福德神学院并于 1888 年获莱比锡大学博士学位。曾任布林马尔学院历史学副教授。1900 年耶鲁大学聘请他接替乔治·帕克·费希尔为教会史泰特斯·斯特里特讲座教授直至 1922 年去世。主要著作有:《宗教改革》、《新英格兰十领袖》、《基督教会伟人传》、《基督教会史》等。

7. 内容提要: 本书译者介绍, 本书是关于基督教历史的一部名著, 在西方长期被作为标准教材使用, 它的作者虽然是一位神学家, 但他以史学家的忠实、丰富而翔实的资料、思想家的深邃和清晰的条理及流畅的文字, 全面地叙述了基督教两千年间从发生、发展、分化、衍变直到现代的历史。它的基本内容和框架经受住了自从问世以来近 80 年的考验, 在 1959 年由另外三位著名的教会史专家根据在此之前近半个世纪的学术新成果对全书进行了一次全面大修订, 使之不落后于时代前进的脚步。随后又增写了最后一章。本书适合于专业工作者、大专院校文科师生、对基督教感兴趣者、教会神职人员及教徒阅读。

本书主要内容有: 犹太教的背景, 耶稣及其门徒, 巴勒斯坦的基督徒社团, 保罗与外邦基督教, 基督教的组织, 基督教与罗马政府的关系, 护教士, 诺斯替教, 大公教会, 德尔图良和奚普里安, 亚历山大学派, 教会与国家 (180—260)、教会组织的发展, 从阿里乌派论争至君士坦丁之死, 君士坦丁诸子统治时期的论争, 阿里乌派的传教事业和日尔曼人的入侵, 教皇制的产生, 隐修主义, 东方教会的分裂, 大众的基督教, 西方教会的一些特征, 大不列颠诸岛的传教活动, 欧洲大陆的传教运动和教皇权力的增长, 法兰克人与教皇的权力, 查理曼, 教皇建制, 帝国的日益衰落与教皇权势日益上升, 教皇权势的衰落及随帝国的复兴而再起, 改革运动, 改革派掌握教廷的权力, 教廷摆脱帝国的控制, 基督教的传播, 十字军, 新兴宗教运动, 反教会派、异端裁判所, 多米尼克派和法兰西斯派, 早期经院哲学, 教廷权势的顶峰时期及其衰落, 威克里夫和胡斯, 改革教会的公会议, 意大利文艺复兴及该时期诸教皇, 路德的发展和宗教改革运动的兴起, 瑞士的宗教改革运动, 德国新教的确立, 斯堪的那维亚诸国的宗教改革运动, 让·加尔文, 苏格兰的宗教改革运动, 罗马天主教的复兴, 德国各派神学思想的争论与三十年战争, 英格兰的安立甘宗, 清教主义及独立教会, 苏格兰的主教制与长老宗, 贵格派, 近代科学与哲学的兴起, 基督教移植美洲, 自然神论及其反对派, 怀疑论, 德国的虔敬主义, 大不列颠的福音奋兴运动, 卫斯理与循道宗, 大觉醒运动, 福音奋兴运动的影响, 近代传教事业的兴起, 美国革命时期的基督教, 19 世纪德国新教思想的趋势, 19 世纪的英国新教, 19 世纪欧洲大陆的新教, 19

世纪的美国新教，近代罗马天主教，近代东正教，普世教会运动，当代世界之教会。

1. A History of the Christian Church 基督教會史
2. Author: [USA] Williston Walker
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Words: 624000  
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6. About the Author: Williston Walker was born in Portland, Maine, July 1, 1860. He received his A. B. degree from Amherst College in 1883, was graduated from Hartford Theological Seminary in 1886 and received his Ph.D. degree from the University of Leipzig in 1888. He succeeded Woodrow Wilson as associate professor of history at Bryn Mawr College. In 1901 Yale University called him to succeed George Park Fisher as Titus Street Professor of Ecclesiastical History, a position which he held until his death in 1922. *The Reformation, Ten New England Leaders, Great Men of the Christian Church*, and *A History of the Christian Church* are among his distinguished works.
7. Summary: The Translator recommends this book as a famous work in the history of Christianity, which has been used as a standard textbook in the West for a long time. Written by an eminent theologian, it combines in its narrative a rare blend of clarity, unity, and balance, and exhaustively narrated the history of Christianity for the past two thousand years from its beginning, development, diversification, transformation, until modernity. The basic contents and framework can withstand various examinations for 80 years since its first appearance. In 1959, in light of significant advances in scholarship in the past 50 years, three renowned historians of Church history have extensively revised this book, in order that it would not fall behind with the progress of time. A final chapter has been added as well. This book is suitable for professional workers, professors and students in tertiary institutions, all those who are interested in Christianity, clergy and Christians. The main contents of this book are: The Jewish Backgrounds, Jesus and the Disciples, The Early Christian Community, Paul and Gentile Christianity, Christian Organisation, Christianity and the Roman Government, The Apologists, Gnosticism, The Catholic Church, Tertullian and Cyprian, The Alexandrian School, Church and Roman Society from 180 to 260, The Constitutional Development of the Church, The Arian Controversy to the Death of Constantine, Controversy under Constantine's Sons, The Later Nicene Struggle and Germanic Invasions, The Growth of the papacy, Monasticism, The East Divided, Popular Christianity, The Latin Christian Tradition, Missions in the British Isles, Missions in the European Continent and the Growth of Papal Power, The Franks and the Papacy, Charles the Great, The Papacy, The Decline of the Empire and the Rise of Papal Power, The Decline of the Papal Power and the Its Revival Alongside with the Revival of the Empire, Reforming Movements, The Reforming Papacy, The Papacy Struggled to be Free from the Empire, The Spread of Christianity, The

Crusades, New Religious Movements, Medieval Heresy, The Inquisition, The Dominicans, Franciscans, Early Scholasticism, The Papacy at Its Height and Its Decline, Wyclif and Hus, The Reforming Councils, The Italian Renaissance and Its Popes, Luther's Development and the Beginnings of the Reformation, The Swiss Reformation, German Protestantism Established, The Scandinavian lands, The Reformation of John Calvin, The Catholic Reformation and Counter-Reformation, German Religious Controversies and the Thirty Years' War, Anglicanism, Puritanism, and the Free Churches in England, Episcopacy and Presbyterianism in Scotland, The Quakers, The Beginnings of Modern Science and Philosophy, The Transplantation of Christianity to the Americas, Deism and Its Opponents, Skepticism, Pietism in Germany, The Evangelical Revival in Great Britain, Wesley and Methodism, The Great Awakening, The Impact of the Evangelical Revival, The Rise of Modern Missions, The Revolutionary Epoch in the United States, Trends in Nineteenth-Century Protestant Thought in Germany, British Protestantism in the Nineteenth Century, Continental Protestantism in the Nineteenth Century, American Protestantism in the Nineteenth Century, Roman Catholicism in the Modern World, Eastern Churches in Modern Times, The Growth of the Ecumenical Movement, The Church in the World.